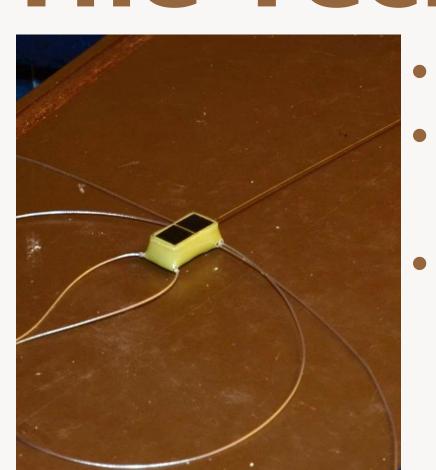


Paula 2.0: Second migratory track of red knot

One tagged Red Knot commutes twice from Wadden Sea to Canadian breeding grounds and shows us the details of this migration Eva M.A. Kok¹, T. Lee Tibbitts², Paul W. Howey³, Anne Dekinga¹, Benjamin Gnep¹, Kimberley J. Mathot⁴ & Theunis Piersma^{1,5}

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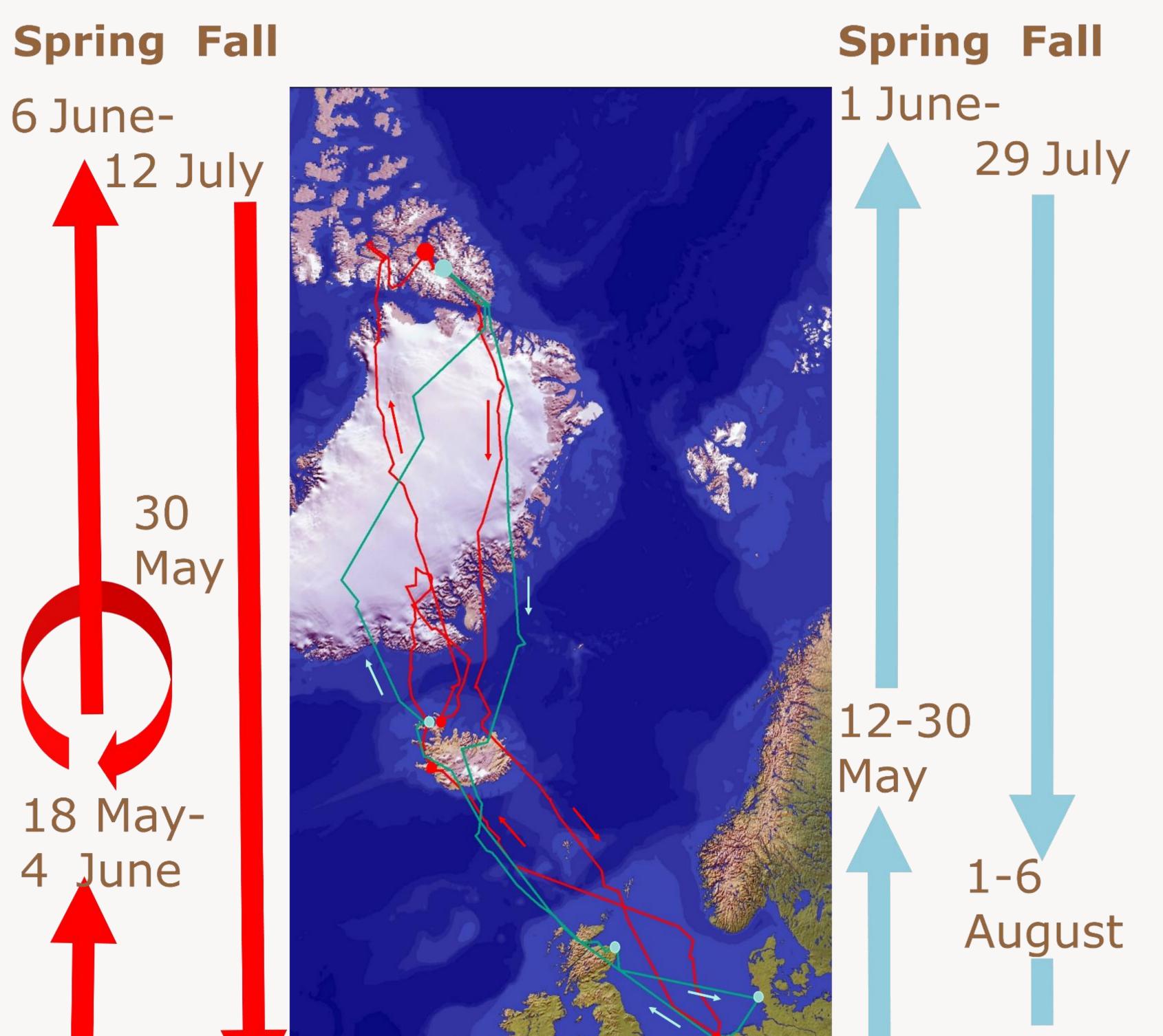
The Technique



- 2g Solar PTT
- Transmits virtually continuously, if properly charged!
- Integrated full-body harness [1]

2017

The Track 2016



The Bird



One adult (2+ cy) female Red Knot (Calidris canutus islandica) released in the Wadden Sea on 22 April 2016 (upper). She returned to the Wadden Sea on the 15 July 2016 (lower left) and again on 14 August 2017 (lower right).



Findings

13 August

- 1. On southward migration some Red Knots skip Iceland but they do visit other stopover sites in Northern Europe [2, see 3 for an overview] YES
- 2. Female Red Knots are not site faithful to their breeding location [4] YES

[1] Chan, Y., Brugge, M., Tibbits, T. L., Dekinga, A., Porter, R., Klaassen, R. H. G. & Piersma, T. 2015. Testing an attachment method for solar-powered tracking devices on a long-distance migrating shorebird. J. Ornithol. 157: 277. [2] Dietz, M.W., Spaans, B., Dekinga., A., Klaassen, M., Korthals, H., van Leeuwen. C. & Piersma, T. 2010. Do red knots (Calidris canutus islandica) routinely skip Iceland during southward migration? Condor 112:48-55

[3] Davidson, N. C. & Wilson, J. R. 1992. The Migration system of the European-wintering Knot Calidris canutus islandica. Wader Study Group Bull. 64, Suppl.:39-51

[4] Tomkovich, P. S. & Solovlev, M. Yu. 1994. Site fidelity in high arctic breeding waders, Ostrich: Journal of African Ornithology, 65:2, 174-180.

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15 July

17 May

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Photo credit: Jan Wijmenga & Benjamin Gnep

Multiple migratory tracks of the same individual such as these first from Paula, trigger the idea that we may be able to separate the individual and environmental contributions to variation in migratory itineraries. Additional on-the-groundobservations on the 'state' (moult, abdominal profiles) of tagged individuals would enable even finer analyses of the various correlates of migratory variation.





